



Andreas Morfiadakis
CEO and co-founder
KlaraBo since 2017



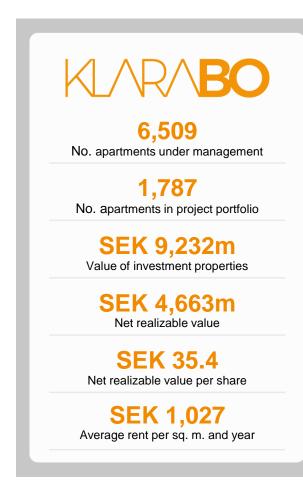
Jenny Appenrodt CFO KlaraBo since 2020



# KlaraBo in brief



### Residential property manager and developer







# Q3 results



### Q3 in brief

- Revenue SEK 123.2m (112.1), +9.9% year-on-year
- Net operating income SEK 77.7m (69.7), +11.5% vs. Q3 2021
- Income from property management SEK 37.4m (35.1), +6.5%
- Changes in value of investment properties SEK -68.7 million (160.2)

#### Increased uncertainty - Business as usual at KlaraBo

- Continued to manage and develop the property portfolio
- Occupancy rate of 99%, and approx. 6,500 fully rented apts. offers longterm stability and value creation with gradual upgrades
- Renovated close to 60 apts.
- Business model proven even in more challenging times





### Q3 highlights

- Acquisition of housing portfolio with 877 apts. in Ostersund
  - Underlying property value SEK 890m with a total area of approx.,
     62,000 sq. m.
  - Rental value amounts to approx. SEK 65m with an average rent of SEK 964 per sq. m.
  - Rental value approx. SEK 65m
  - Increases earnings by 15%
  - Financed by bank loans with a maturity of 3 yrs. with a fixed interest rate totalling 1.4%, and existing cash.
- Four-year lease signed for ~2,000 sq.m. with the Swedish Police Authority in Borlange. Rental value amounts to approx. SEK 4.4 m.





# Financials



### Q3 2022 income statement

Income statement										
SEK m	2022 3 months Jul-Sept	2021 3 months Jul-Sept	2022 9 months Jan-Sept	2021 9 months Jan-Sept	2021 12 months Jan-Dec					
Revenue	123.2	112.1	362.2	229.2	344.2					
Costs	-45.5	-42.4	-158.7	-102.1	-154.3					
Net operating income	77.7	69.7	203.5	127.1	189.9					
Central administrative costs	-10.7	-11.4	-34.4	-25.4	-44.9					
Operating profit/loss	67.0	58.3	169.1	101.7	145.1					
Financial income/costs	-29.6	-23.1	-81.2	-48.0	-68.7					
Profit from property management	37.4	35.1	88.0	53.7	76.4					
Changes in value of properties	-68.7	160.2	122.0	433.5	737.3					
Changes in value derivatives	24.9	1.3	86.4	6.5	10.9					
Profit/loss before tax	-6.4	196.6	296.4	493.8	824.6					
Tax expense	0.8	-37.5	-75.1	-104.7	-184.1					
Profit for the period	-5.6	159.1	221.3	389.1	640.5					

#### Revenue

• The Ostersund portfolio did not yet contribute to the revenue in the quarter

#### **Costs**

- Costs increased by 4.2% YoY, on a like-for-like basis. Most of the cost increase is attributable to increased electricity costs
- Most of the properties are in areas less affected by increased electricity costs

#### Financial income/costs

• Financial costs have increased in the quarter YoY due to a general increase in interest rates and new credits following acquisitions and completion of project properties

#### Changes in value of properties

 Positive contributions from refurbishments of SEK 120m, offset by lower valuations of SEK -190m in total due to higher discount rates and increased yields.



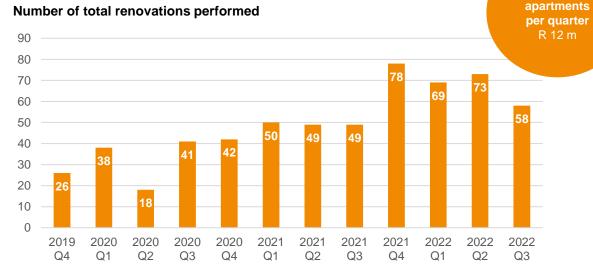
# **Current earnings capacity**

Current earnings capacity 12 months									
SEK m	Oct 1, 2022	Like-for-like Oct 1, 2022	Jul 1, 2022	Apr 1, 2022	Jan 1, 2022	Oct 1, 2021			
Rental revenue	560.5	497.8	494.8	482.3	464.6	454.2			
Property expenses	-228.2	-197.4	-198.3	-196.6	-192.3	-190.9			
Net operating income	332.4	300.4	296.5	285.7	272.4	263.3			
Surplus ratio, %	59.3	60.3	59.9	59.2	58.6	58.0			
Central administrative costs	-40.0	-37.0	-37.0	-37.0	-35.0	-34.7			
Financial income and expenses	-142.6	-134.5	-95.9	-74.9	-72.3	-81.9			
Profit from property management	149.8	128.9	163.6	173.8	165.1	146.7			
Profit from property mgmt per share, SEK	1.14	0.98	1.24	1.32	1.25	1.37			
Interest-coverage ratio	2.05	1.96	2.71	3.32	3.28	2.79			



### Revenue increase mainly attributable to property acquisitions, and in part to renovations during the quarter

- Low average rent for Ostersund apts. SEK 964 per sq.m. and year indicates substantial rent increase potential
- Higher financial costs due to a general increase in interest rates and overtaken credits following acquisitions and completion of project properties
- 7% organic growth during the period on a like-for-like basis, lending proof to KlaraBo's business model in challenging times



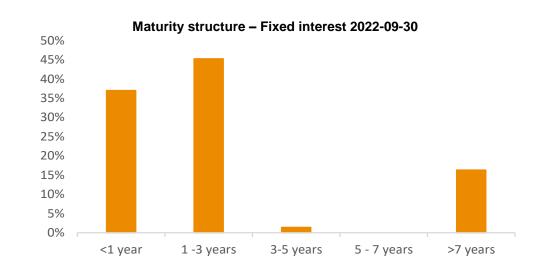


~70 renovated

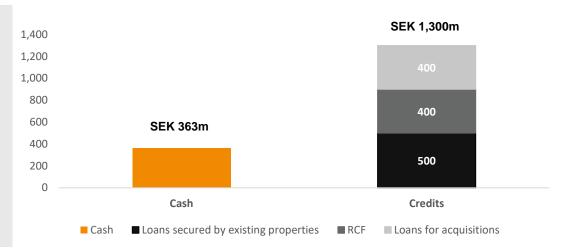
# Diversified debt portfolio and healthy financial position

Interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 4,872m

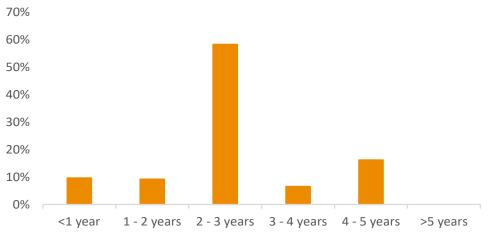
- Average credit maturity of 2.8 years
- Average interest rate maturity of 2.5 years
  - Close to 52% of loan portfolio at fixed interest rates
  - Fixed interest rates of derivatives between 0.015% and 2.21%
- Average interest rate: just below 3.0%
- LTV 48.8% with only bank financing
- Sensitivity analysis based on the FRA curve Stibor 3m shows that we fulfill our covenants and other financial commitments



#### Approx. SEK 1.7bn in available funds



#### Maturity structure – Fixed credit 2022-09-30





# Property portfolio & renovations



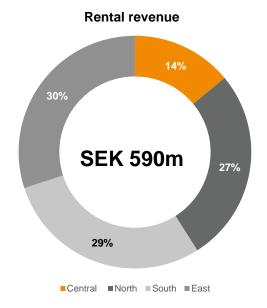
# Fully occupied property portfolio

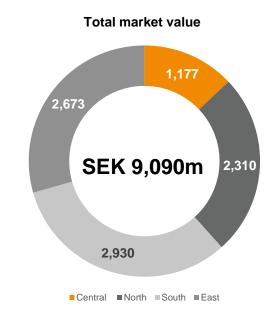
6,509
Apartments under management

99% Occupancy rate SEK 1,027
Average rent per sq. m. and year

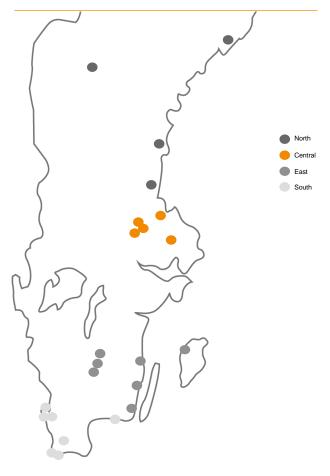
SEK 18,531
Market value per sq. m.

89% Residential **491,000** Sq. m. lettable area





#### Geographical presence and administrative areas

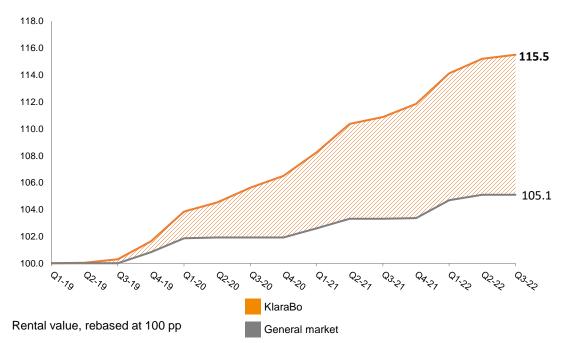




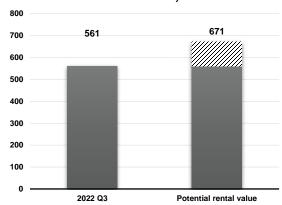
# Long-term value creation with proven renovation model

- ~4,300 apts. (68% of total portfolio) with renovation potential, excl. construction
- 70 apt. renovations per quarter, R 12 m
- · Renovations take place after tenants have moved out
- · Renovations increase property values and strengthens cash flow

#### Percentage points



#### Contracted annual rent, SEK m



In total, valueenhancing initiatives lead to rent increases that significantly surpass the general development

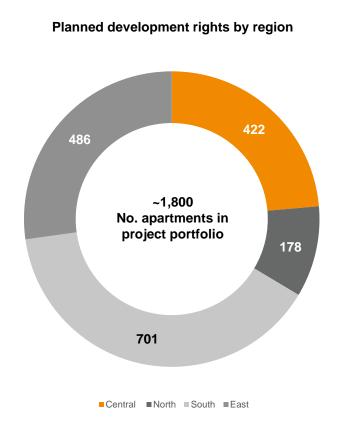




# Project portfolio



### Slowing down the pace in project portfolio



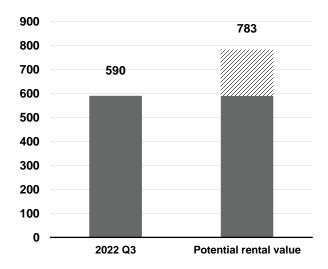
**127**No. apartments under construction

**~1,700**No. apartments in planning stage

SEK 190m
Estimated rental value

- Conditions have changed higher and more unpredictable production costs
- Decision to slow down the pace of new production until further notice







# Summary



# Rental apartments are expected to strengthen its position in the long-term

- High inflation and continued uncertainty about economic developments
- Uncertain outcome of rent negotiations, but rent raises will be higher than in 2022
- Property values may decrease in the short-term

#### But..., positive long-term prospects for rental apts.

- Rent levels will increase due to value-added business model in the long-term
- Rents and energy prices will reach a new balance point
- Housing construction decreases, supporting demand for existing housing
- Reduced purchasing power among households supports interest in rentals
- Stable or increasing demand for affordable housing
- Over time, rent increases have exceeded the inflation rate
- Low vacancy risk as the housing shortage is expected to persist





Q&A



